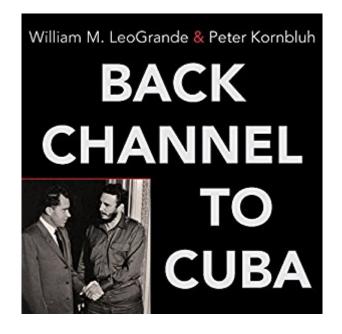
The book was found

Back Channel To Cuba: The Hidden History Of Negotiations Between Washington And Havana





Synopsis

Since 1959, conflict and aggression have dominated the story of US-Cuban relations. From John F. Kennedy's offering of an olive branch to Fidel Castro after the missile crisis, to Henry Kissinger's top-secret quest for normalization, to Barack Obama's promise of a "new approach", William M. LeoGrande and Peter Kornbluh reveal a 50-year record of dialogue and negotiations, both open and furtive, indicating a path toward better relations in the future. LeoGrande and Kornbluh have uncovered hundreds of formerly secret US documents and conducted interviews with dozens of negotiators, intermediaries, and policy makers. The authors describe how, despite the political clamor surrounding any hint of better relations with Havana, serious negotiations have been conducted by every presidential administration since Eisenhower's through secret, back-channel diplomacy.

Book Information

Audible Audio Edition Listening Length: 20 hours and 19 minutes Program Type: Audiobook Version: Unabridged Publisher: Tantor Audio Audible.com Release Date: January 20, 2015 Whispersync for Voice: Ready Language: English ASIN: B00SGTO63Y Best Sellers Rank: #109 in Books > History > Americas > Caribbean & West Indies > Cuba #150 in Books > Audible Audiobooks > Politics & Current Events > International Relations #196 in Books > Audible Audiobooks > Politics & Current Events > Political History & Theory

Customer Reviews

With the recent announcement that the U.S. and Cuba would be normalizing relations with each other for the first time since the Revolution of 1959, this book could not come at a more perfect time. Starting with the last years of the Eisenhower administration, the authors show the series of missteps and failed opportunities that have characterized U.S.-Cuba relations. And, to be quite honest, the U.S. doesn't come off looking very good here. Often times the U.S. would make promises and then break them or demand unreasonable preconditions before negotiating. Not only that, but there would be times when the Cubans would say something that, had the U.S. diplomats

thought about what they were saying, they may have acted in a different, way. For example, during Cuba's intervention in Africa, Cuba would say again and again that they would not abandon their allies in Angola, but wanted to be a part of bringing about a political solution. However, the U.S. would be so occupied with getting Cuba out of Angola that they wouldn't even consider bringing them into the political process until the very end when it couldn't be avoided. Had they seized on it sooner, they could've killed two birds with one stone. But the Cubans don't always come off all that great here either as they would oftentimes begin the process of negotiating with the U.S., then do something in another realm that would shutdown the negotiations, like intervening in Africa. Thus, both sides have made serious missteps in trying to heal the divide between them. Leogrande and Kornbluh's great gift is bringing us into the midst of these secret negotiations, oftentimes filled with suspicion and doubt, yet always with a tinge of hope for something better.

The authors William M. LeoGrande and Peter Kornbluh have years of experience with this subject. This book chronicles the history of the difficult relations between the US and the revolutionary Cuba in detail. In a heated ideological debate, this book offers a refreshing matter-of-fact perspective. The book is divided into chapters according to the US presidents Dwight Eisenhower, John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, Richard Nixon und Gerald Ford, Jimmy Carter, Ronald Reagan and George Bush, Bill Clinton, George W. Bush and Barack Obama. The book is praised by Jimmy Carter. It is based on official papers that had been published by the government after decades as well as interviews with direct participants in the negotiations from both sides. This means the reported facts are likely to be accepted by anybody involved; quite an achievement considering the conflict.Looking at this history of the relations, it becomes clear that the US government has attained the opposite of their stated objective:- the pig bay invasion stabilized the young revolutionary government against a common enemy- as the US negotiators accepted the liberation of jailed dissidents as their main currency against concessions, they encouraged the Cuban government to imprison many opponents- while the blockade harms Cuba severely, even the toughest critics of Castro in Cuba agree in their opposition to it.

Download to continue reading...

Back Channel to Cuba: The Hidden History of Negotiations Between Washington and Havana Havana Nocturne: How the Mob Owned Cuba...and Then Lost It to the Revolution Are You Channel Ready?: How to Set Up Your Channels and Channel Partners Successfully Applied Channel Theory in Chinese Medicine Wang Ju-Yi's Lectures on Channel Therapeutics Biotechnology Venture Capital Valuations: Leading VCs on Deal Structures, Negotiations, and Best Practices for Current and Future Rounds of Financing (Inside the Minds) Dealmaking in the Film & Television Industry: From Negotiations to Final Contracts, 3rd Ed. The Truth About Negotiations (2nd Edition) Old Havana / La Habana Vieja: Spirit of the Living City / El espÃ- ritu de la ciudad viva (English and Spanish Edition) Havana USA: Cuban Exiles and Cuban Americans in South Florida, 1959-1994 Nationalizing Blackness: Afrocubanismo and Artistic Revolution in Havana, 1920–1940 (Pitt Latin American Series) Around the Bloc: My Life in Moscow, Beijing, and Havana Havana beyond the Ruins: Cultural Mappings after 1989 The Declarations of Havana (Revolutions Series): Tariq Ali presents Fidel Castro 90 Miles to Havana The Cat King of Havana Havana in My Heart: 75 Years of Cuban Photography Washington on Foot, Fifth Edition: 24 Walking Tours and Maps of Washington, DC, Old Town Alexandria, and Takoma Park The Washington Manual® Pediatrics Survival Guide (The Washington Manual® Survival Guide Series) The Great Divide: The Conflict Between Washington and Jefferson That Defined a Nation Winner-Take-All Politics: How Washington Made the Rich Richer--and Turned Its Back on the Middle Class

<u>Dmca</u>